

INDIRA UNIVERSITY, PUNE

SET-2

SCHOOL OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS- MCOM

Backlog Examination (2025 Pattern) April/ May – 2026 - Semester – I

Subject Name: Advanced Cost Accounting
Subject Code: 25MOC104T

Max. Marks: 50
Time: 2:30 Hrs.

Instructions

- All questions are compulsory.
- Figures to the right indicates full marks.
- Use of calculator is allowed

CO #	Cognitive Ability	Course Outcome
CO1	Remember	Recall the basic concepts, definitions, objectives, and elements of cost accounting, including material, labour and overheads and identify various methods and techniques of costing such as job, contract, process and operating costing.
CO2	Understand	Understand the fundamental principles and procedure of Cost Accounting related to material, labour, overheads and various methods of costing for accurate classification and interpretation of cost information.
CO3	Apply	Apply theoretical concepts of Cost Accounting to explain material, labour, overheads and methods of costing.
CO4	Analyse	Analyse the labour and overhead costs to identify their components, causes, allocation, apportionment and impact on total cost.
CO5	Evaluate	Evaluate the Cost Sheet using Prime Cost, Works Cost and Total Cost along with inventory control techniques like ABC Analysis, JIT, EOQ and Inventory Turnover Ratio for effective cost management.
CO6	Create	Create cost statements for Job Costing, Contract Costing, Process Costing and Operating Costing to determine cost, profit and efficiency to different operations.

Q1.	Choose the correct option: Any 5 out of 7	(5 Marks)	CO1
	1. The main objective of Cost Accounting is to _____. a) Determine selling price b) Maintain financial records c) Pay taxes d) Calculate profit only 2. The three main elements of cost are _____. a) Material, Labour, Overheads b) Cash, Debtors, Creditors c) Assets, Liabilities, Capital d) Income, Expense, Profit		

	3. Apportionment means _____. a) Transferring costs equally b) Distributing cost on a suitable basis among departments c) Ignoring indirect expenses d) None of these 4. CAS–3 relates to _____. a) Overheads b) Labour Cost c) Material Cost d) Classification of Cost 5. Work Uncertified refers to _____. a) Work not yet started b) Work done but not certified by the contractee c) Work rejected by the engineer d) Completed work 6. Cash received from the contractee is generally a fixed percentage of _____. a) Work certified b) Work uncertified c) Total cost incurred d) Total contract price 7. Factory rent is an example of _____. a) Direct material b) Factory overhead c) Selling expense d) Administrative expense																																																
Q2.	Write True Or False Any 5 out of 7 (5 Marks) - Cost Accounting and Financial Accounting serve the same objectives. - Cost Unit is a unit of product or service for which cost is determined. - Absorption of overheads means charging overheads to products or jobs. - CAS–7 relates to Employees Cost. - Contract costing involves short-term and repetitive jobs. - Escalation clause allows adjustment of contract price for cost fluctuations. - Allocation means charging an entire overhead cost to one department.	CO2																																															
Q3.	Write Short Notes Any 2 out of 3 (10 Marks) - Inventory turnover ratios - Job costing - Methods of remuneration	CO3																																															
Q.4.	Tata Ltd., Ahmadabad has three Production Depts., and two service Depts., The overhead expenses for March ,2025 are as follows: <table style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Particulars</th><th colspan="3">Production depts.</th><th colspan="2">Service Depts.</th></tr> <tr> <th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th><th>D</th><th>E</th></tr> <tr> <td>Indirect materials</td><td>800</td><td>2000</td><td>900</td><td>400</td><td>200</td></tr> <tr> <td>Indirect labour</td><td>1500</td><td>1600</td><td>1300</td><td>350</td><td>1900</td></tr> <tr> <td>Rent and Taxes</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>Rs.10000</td></tr> <tr> <td>Electricity Charges</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>Rs.7100</td></tr> <tr> <td>Plant Depreciation</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>Rs.6000</td></tr> <tr> <td>Supervisors salary</td><td colspan="4"></td><td>Rs.3200</td></tr> </table>	Particulars	Production depts.			Service Depts.		A	B	C	D	E	Indirect materials	800	2000	900	400	200	Indirect labour	1500	1600	1300	350	1900	Rent and Taxes					Rs.10000	Electricity Charges					Rs.7100	Plant Depreciation					Rs.6000	Supervisors salary					Rs.3200	CO4
Particulars	Production depts.			Service Depts.																																													
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	The other details are as follows:					
	Particulars	A	B	C	D	E
	Area occupied Sq.mtrs.	800	1000	900	700	600
	Light Points No.	15	35	8	7	6
	Employee Numbers No.	5	15	6	4	2
	Capital value of plant Rs.	30000	15000	5000	4000	6000
	Estimated Direct labour Hours hrs.	1000	2000	1000		
	The expenses of service dept.,D and E are to be charged as follows:					
	Particulars	A	B	C	D	E
	Dept.,D	20%	50%	20%	-	10%
Dept.,E	10%	30%	40%	20%	=	
You are required find out the overhead rate per hour in production Depts., using repeated distribution method. (10 Marks) OR Explain its causes and suggest measures to control labour turnover in an organization. (10 Marks)						
Q.5.	Following details have been obtained from the cost records of Domino Ltd., Dombivali for the year ended 31st March 2020					CO5
	Particulars	₹				
	Stock of Operating Materials as on 1st April 2019	3000				
	Wages paid to Direct Workers	5500				
	Interim dividend paid	1200				
	Purchases of Raw Materials	8700				
	Heating and Lighting	600				
	Counting House Salaries	2000				
	Carriage and Cartage on Purchases of Raw Materials	300				
	Commission on Sales	500				
	Wages Payable	500				
	Technical Director's Fees	1000				
	Stock of Operating Material as on 31st March 2020	4000				
	Show-room Expenses	700				
	Establishment on Cost	1200				
	Share Transfer Fees	200				
	Expenses of Testing Labs	400				
	Branch Office Expenses	800				
	After-Sales Service Expenses	800				
	Selling Price	25000				

	Prepare a Cost Sheet showing : a) Cost of Material Consumed b) Prime Cost c) Works Cost d) Cost of Production e) Total Cost f) Profit. (10Marks) OR Explain how Cost Accounting helps in cost control and cost reduction. Discuss its advantages and limitations in achieving organizational efficiency. (10Marks)																																			
Q.6.	Bajaj Constructions. Pune undertook a contract of rs.400000 for the construction of a Sports Gymkhana on 1 st April 2025 the following information is taken up from the contract ledger as on 31st March 2026 in respect of the above. <table><tr><td>Particulars</td><td>Rs.</td></tr><tr><td>Materials directly issued from Stores</td><td>65000</td></tr><tr><td>Materials Purchased</td><td>35000</td></tr><tr><td>Scrap Materials sold</td><td>4,000</td></tr><tr><td>Materials Transferred to other contract</td><td>5,000</td></tr><tr><td>Materials in hand on Site</td><td>5500</td></tr><tr><td>Materials Returned to Stores</td><td>3,000</td></tr><tr><td>Direct Wages paid and payable</td><td>42500</td></tr><tr><td>Direct Charges</td><td>22500</td></tr><tr><td>Overheads Charged to contract</td><td>20,000</td></tr><tr><td>Sub-contract Cost</td><td>4500</td></tr><tr><td>Cost of Additional Work</td><td>1700</td></tr><tr><td>Outstanding Direct Expenses</td><td>800</td></tr><tr><td>Plant Purchased on 1st April 2025 and issued directly</td><td>40,000</td></tr><tr><td>Annual Depreciation on Plant</td><td>4,000</td></tr><tr><td>Plant Transferred on 1st April 2025 to other contract</td><td>20,000</td></tr><tr><td>Cash received being 90% of Work Certified</td><td>180,000</td></tr></table> Uncertified Work being 8% of certified work You are required to prepare: 1) contract Account 2) Contractee's Account. (10 Marks)	Particulars	Rs.	Materials directly issued from Stores	65000	Materials Purchased	35000	Scrap Materials sold	4,000	Materials Transferred to other contract	5,000	Materials in hand on Site	5500	Materials Returned to Stores	3,000	Direct Wages paid and payable	42500	Direct Charges	22500	Overheads Charged to contract	20,000	Sub-contract Cost	4500	Cost of Additional Work	1700	Outstanding Direct Expenses	800	Plant Purchased on 1st April 2025 and issued directly	40,000	Annual Depreciation on Plant	4,000	Plant Transferred on 1st April 2025 to other contract	20,000	Cash received being 90% of Work Certified	180,000	CO6
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